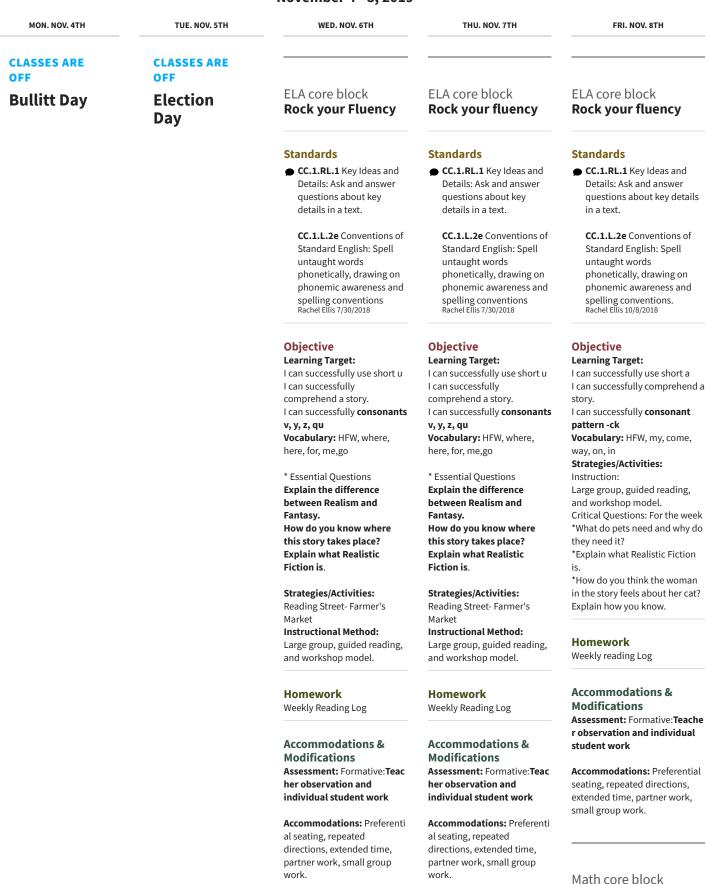
## First Grade lesson plans Nov. 4- Nov. 8, 2019 November 4 - 8, 2019



lesson six

Standards

Math core block lesson five

• CC.1.OA.6 Add and

subtract within 20,

demonstrating fluency for

addition and subtraction

within 10. Use strategies

making ten (e.g., 8 + 6 = 8

decomposing a number

= 13 - 3 - 1 = 10 - 1 = 9);

using the relationship

between addition and subtraction (e.g., knowing

that 8 + 4 = 12, one knows

12 - 8 = 4; and creating

equivalent but easier or

6 + 7 by creating the

= 12 + 1 = 13).

CC.1.OA.3 Apply

11 is also known.

known sums (e.g., adding

known equivalent 6+6+1

properties of operations

as strategies to add and

subtract. Examples: If 8 + 3

= 11 is known, then 3 + 8 =

(Commutative property of

addition.) To add 2 + 6 + 4,

the second two numbers

can be added to make a

ten, so 2 + 6 + 4 = 2 + 10 =

12. (Associative property

need not use formal terms

of addition.) (Students

for these properties.)

Rachel Ellis 11/9/2018

First Grade 10/31/2019

Learning Target: We can

make ten when one addend is

9. We can add and subtract

Essential questions: Explain

how are different strategies

helpful when solving a

Explain in what ways can

addition) affect numbers?

addend

Vocabulary: number bond

addition

operations (subtraction and

Jodi Osborne

Objective

within 10

problem?

groups put together

subtraction

unknown add to

sentences

leading to a ten (e.g., 13 - 4

such as counting on;

+2+4=10+4=14);

**Standards** 

Math core block lesson six

# Standards

CC.NBT.2 CC.1.OA.3 Apply properties of operations as strategies to add and subtract. Examples: If 8 + 3 = 11 is known, then 3 + 8 = 11 is also known. (Commutative property of addition.) To add 2 + 6 + 4, the second two numbers can be added to make a ten. so 2 + 6 + 4 = 2 + 10 = 12. (Associative property of addition.) (Students need not use formal terms for these properties.)

#### Rachel Ellis 11/9/2018

Jodi Osborne

First Grade 10/31/2019

#### Objective Learning Target: We can

make ten when one addend is 9. We can add and subtract within 10 How are different strategies be helpful when solving a problem? In what ways can operations (subtraction and addition) affect numbers? How can 10s be helpful when adding and subtracting? Essential questions: Explain how are different strategies helpful when solving a problem? Explain in what ways can operations (subtraction and addition) affect numbers? Vocabulary: number bond addend groups addition put together subtraction

unknown add to expressions--number sentences

### Strategies/Activities: Fluenc

y practice-sprints Application Problem Concept Development Student Debrief

### Instructional Method: Whole

Group Guided Discussion Audio/Visual/Technology Small Group Partners/Pairs Demo/Hands On Providing Descriptive Feedback CC.NBT.2 CC.1.OA.3 Apply properties of operations as strategies to add and subtract. Examples: If 8 + 3 = 11 is known, then 3 + 8 = 11 is also known. (Commutative property of addition.) To add 2 + 6 + 4, the second two numbers can be added to make a ten, so 2 + 6 + 4 = 2 + 10 = 12. (Associative property of addition.) (Students need not use formal terms for

Rachel Ellis 11/9/2018

these properties.)

Jodi Osborne First Grade 10/31/2019

#### Objective

Learning Target: We can make ten when one addend is 9. We can add and subtract within 10. How are different strategies be helpful when solving a problem? In what ways can operations (subtraction and addition) affect numbers? How can 10s be helpful when adding and subtracting? Essential questions: Explain how are different strategies helpful when solving a problem? Explain in what ways can operations (subtraction and addition) affect numbers? Vocabulary: number bond addend groups addition put together

subtraction unknown add to expressions--number sentences

Strategies/Activities: Fluency

practice-sprints Application Problem Concept Development Student Debrief

#### Instructional Method: Whole

Group Guided Discussion Audio/Visual/Technology Small Group Partners/Pairs Demo/Hands On Providing Descriptive Feedback

### Homework

### Accommodations & Modifications

#### Strategies/Activities: Fluenc y practice-sprints

expressions--number

Application Problem Concept Development Student Debrief

# Instructional Method: Whole

Group Guided Discussion Audio/Visual/Technology Small Group Partners/Pairs Demo/Hands On Providing Descriptive Feedback

### Homework

Self-Assessment

### Accommodations & Modifications Assessment: Flashback Exit Slip Oral Question Conferring Self-Evaluation or Student

Accommodations: extended time, small group, use of manipulatives, repeated directions

# Wellness

### **Standards**

PL-4-2.1.1 Students will apply fundamental motor skills: Locomotor: -Walking - Running -Skipping - Hopping -Galloping - Sliding -Leaping - Jumping Nonlocomotor: - Turning -Twisting - Bending -Stretching - Swinging -Swaying - Balancing Fundamental manipulative skills: -Hitting - Kicking -Throwing - Catching -Striking - Dribbling

Rachel Ellis 7/30/2018

### Objective

Learning Target: Students will interact with peers through locomotor play Vocabulary: locomotor Strategies/Activities:

Instructional Method: groups

### Homework

Accommodations & Modifications

#### Homework

Accommodations & Modifications Assessment: Formative:Teac her observation and individual student work

Accommodations: Preferenti al seating, repeated directions, extended time, partner work, small group work.

Homework: Nightly Reading Log Study Words

Wellness

### Standards

• PL-4-2.1.1 Students will apply fundamental motor skills: Locomotor: -Walking - Running -Skipping - Hopping -Galloping - Sliding -Leaping - Jumping Nonlocomotor: - Turning -Twisting - Bending -Stretching - Swinging -Swaying - Balancing Fundamental manipulative skills: -Hitting - Kicking -Throwing - Catching -Striking - Dribbling

Rachel Ellis 7/30/2018

### Objective

Learning Target: Students will interact with peers through locomotor play Vocabulary: locomotor Strategies/Activities:

Instructional Method: groups

Homework

Accommodations & Modifications

Science/ Social Studies

Standards

### Assessment: Formative:Teache r observation and individual student work

Accommodations: Preferential seating, repeated directions, extended time, partner work, small group work.

Homework: Nightly Reading Log Study Words

Wellness

#### **Standards**

PL-4-2.1.1 Students will apply fundamental motor skills: Locomotor: - Walking -Running - Skipping -Hopping - Galloping - Sliding - Leaping - Jumping Nonlocomotor: - Turning -Twisting - Bending -Stretching - Swinging -Swaying - Balancing Fundamental manipulative skills: - Hitting - Kicking -Throwing - Catching -Striking - Dribbling

Rachel Ellis 7/30/2018

#### Objective

Learning Target: Students will interact with peers through locomotor play Vocabulary: locomotor Strategies/Activities:

Instructional Method: groups

#### Homework

Accommodations & Modifications

Science/ Social Studies cultural differences

#### **Standards**

SS-EP-2.1.1 - Students will describe cultural elements (e.g., beliefs, traditions, languages, skills, literature, the arts). Rachel Ellis 11/19/2018

Objective Learning Target Science/ Social Studies Character Counts/ Genius Hour

### **Standards**

PL-EP-1.1.2 - Students will identify strategies for stress management, problem solving, conflict resolution and communication (e.g., selfcontrol, work and play collaboration, caring, reconciling, asking for help, active listening). Rachel Ellis 11/9/2018

# Objective

Learning Target I can share examples of how to be a problem solver. Vocabulary proactive, in charge, myself, oneself. Instructional Method Whole Group Strategies/Activities Discuss "What taking care of yourself means" then students can share examples of what this means or give examples . \*\*We will be using supplies to

Homework

create a turkey.

# Accommodations &

**Modifications Assessment:** Teacher observation and student participation and work.

Accommodations: Preferenti al seating, extra time, repeated directions, buddy help and small group.

Schedule:

SS-EP-5.2.1 - Students will identify significant patriotic and historical songs, symbols, monuments/landmarks (e.g., The Star-Spangled Banner, the Underground Railroad, the Statue of Liberty) and patriotic holidays (e.g., Veteran?s Day, Martin Luther King?s birthday, Fourth of July) and explain their historical significance. Rachel Ellis 11/9/2018

## Objective

Learning Target I can understand important events in History . Vocabulary pilgrim, native American, indian, maze, Thanksgiving, feast, harvest, celebrate. Instructional Method whole group Strategies/Activities

Watch a Thanksgiving video clip for kids from You Tube. Read a Thanksgiving Book

#### Homework

Accommodations & Modifications Assessment: Teacher observation and student participation and work.

Accommodations: Preferenti al seating, extra time, repeated directions, buddy help and small group.

Schedule:

I can understand important cultural beliefs and traditions . Vocabulary Holiday, Christmas, beliefs, traditions, gifts, present, past. Instructional Method whole group Strategies/Activities Discuss various ways that we (Americans) celebrate Christmas. Chart this discussion

### Homework

Accommodations & Modifications Assessment: Teacher observation and student participation and work.

Accommodations: Preferential seating, extra time, repeated directions, buddy help and small group.

Schedule: