MON. SEP. 23RD TUE. SEP. 24TH WED. SEP. 25TH THU. SEP. 26TH FRI. SEP. 27TH

ELA core block

Story variety

Standards

RF.1.1.a Recognize the distinguishing features of a sentence (e.g., first word, capitalization, ending punctuation). Kentucky English/Language Arts

RF.1.2.a Distinguish long from short vowel sounds in spoken single-syllable words. Kentucky English/Language Arts

RF.1.3.b Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words. Kentucky English/Language Arts

RF.1.4.b Read on-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings. Kentucky English/Language Arts

RI.1.1 Ask and answer questions about key details in a text. Kentucky English/Language Arts

RI.1.4 Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text.
Kentucky English/Language Arts
RI.1.5 Know and use various text features (e.g., headings,

text features (e.g., headings, tables of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text. Kentucky English/Language Arts

Objective

Students will be able to use short u. I can successfully comprehend a story. I can successfully use consonants v, y, z, qu, ch and wh blends.

Procedures

- 1. Introduction/Motivation
- 2.Large group, guided reading, and workshop model

Homework

Weekly reading

Accommodations & Modifications

preferential seating, repeated directions, extended time, small group work.

ELA core block Story Variety

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RL.1.1 Ask and answer questions about key details in a text. Kentucky English/Language

RL.1.4 Identify words and phrases in stories or poems that suggest feelings or appeal to the senses. Kentucky English/Language Arts

RL.1.5 Explain major differences between books that tell stories and books that give information, drawing on a wide reading of a range of text types. Kentucky English/Language Arts

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Students will be able to use short u. I can successfully comprehend a story. I can successfully use consonants v, y, z, qu, ch and wh blends.

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ELA core block **Story Variety**

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Procedures

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- 2.Large group, guided reading, and workshop model

Homework

Weekly reading

Accommodations & Modifications

preferential seating, repeated directions, extended time, small group work.

Math core block 25

Standards

● CC.1.OA.6 Add and subtract within 20, demonstrating fluency for addition and subtraction within 10. Use strategies such as counting on; making ten (e.g., 8+6=8+2+4=10+4=14); decomposing a number leading to a ten (e.g., 13 -4 = 13 - 3 - 1 = 10 - 1 = 9; using the relationship between addition and subtraction (e.g., knowing that 8 + 4 = 12, one knows 12 - 8 = 4); and creating equivalent but easier or known sums (e.g., adding 6 + 7 by creating the known equivalent 6 + 6 + 1 = 12 + 1 = 13).

Rachel Ellis 7/30/2018

Objective

Learning Target: We can solve add to with change unknown math stories with addition, and relate to subtraction. I can solve addition problems using the commutative property. I can look for and make use of repeated reasoning on the addition chart by solving and analyzing problems with common addends. Essential questions: How are different strategies helpful when solving a problem? In what ways can operations (subtraction and addition) affect numbers?

Vocabulary: number bond

groups put together unknown expressions--number sentences

Strategies/Activities: Fluenc y practice-sprints **Application Problem Concept Development** Student Debrief

Instructional Method: Whole **Group Guided Discussion** Audio/Visual/Technology Small Group Partners/Pairs Demo/Hands On

Math core block **Learning Check**combination of skills learned up to this point.

Wellness

Standards

■ PL-4-2.1.1 Students will apply fundamental motor skills: Locomotor: -Walking - Running -Skipping - Hopping -Galloping - Sliding -Leaping - Jumping Nonlocomotor: - Turning -Twisting - Bending -Stretching - Swinging -Swaying - Balancing Fundamental manipulative skills: -Hitting - Kicking -Throwing - Catching -Striking - Dribbling

Rachel Ellis 7/30/2018

Objective

Learning Target: Students will interact with peers through locomotor play Vocabulary: locomotor Strategies/Activities:

Instructional Method: groups

Homework

Accommodations & Modifications

Science/Social **Studies**

Standards

Math core block

Standards

● CC.1.OA.6 Add and subtract within 20, demonstrating fluency for addition and subtraction within 10. Use strategies such as counting on; making ten (e.g., 8 + 6 = 8+2+4=10+4=14); decomposing a number leading to a ten (e.g., 13 -4 = 13 - 3 - 1 = 10 - 1 = 9; using the relationship between addition and subtraction (e.g., knowing that 8 + 4 = 12, one knows 12 - 8 = 4); and creating equivalent but easier or known sums (e.g., adding 6+7 by creating the known equivalent 6 + 6 + 1 = 12 + 1 =

13).CC.1.OA.3 Apply properties of operations as strategies to add and subtract. Examples: If 8 + 3 = 11 is known, then 3 + 8 = 11 is also known. (Commutative property of addition.) To add 2 + 6 + 4, the second two numbers can be added to make a ten, so 2 + 6 + 4 = 2 + 10 =

CC.1.OA.5 Relate counting to addition and subtraction (e.g., by counting on 2 to add 2). Rachel Ellis 7/30/2018

12. (Associative property

of addition.)

Objective

Learning Target: We can count on using the number path to find an unknown part.

I can solve addition problems using the commutative property. I can look for and make use of repeated reasoning on the addition chart by solving and analyzing problems with common addends.

Essential questions: How are different strategies helpful when solving a problem? In what ways can operations (subtraction and addition) affect numbers?

Vocabulary: number bond

groups put together unknown add to

Math core block 27

Standards

● CC.1.OA.6 Add and subtract within 20, demonstrating fluency for addition and subtraction within 10. Use strategies such as counting on; making ten (e.g., 8+6=8+2+4=10+4=14); decomposing a number leading to a ten (e.g., 13 -4 = 13 - 3 - 1 = 10 - 1 = 9; using the relationship between addition and subtraction (e.g., knowing that 8 + 4 = 12, one knows 12 - 8 = 4); and creating equivalent but easier or known sums (e.g., adding 6+7 by creating the known equivalent 6 + 6 + 1 = 12 + 1 = 13).

CC.1.OA.4 Understand subtraction as an unknown-addend problem. For example, subtract 10 - 8 by finding the number that makes 10 when added to 8.

CC.1.OA.5 Relate counting to addition and subtraction (e.g., by counting on 2 to add 2). Rachel Ellis 7/30/2018

Objective

Learning Target: We can count on using the number path to find an unknown part. I can solve addition problems using the commutative property. I can look for and make use of repeated reasoning on the addition chart by solving and analyzing problems with common addends. Essential questions: How are different strategies helpful when solving a problem? In what ways can operations (subtraction and addition) affect numbers?

Vocabulary: number bond

groups put together unknown add to expressions--number sentences

Strategies/Activities: Fluenc y practice-sprints **Application Problem**

Math core block 25

Standards

■ CC.1.0A.6 Add and subtract within 20, demonstrating fluency for addition and subtraction within 10. Use strategies such as counting on; making ten (e.g., 8 + 6 = 8+2+4=10+4=14); decomposing a number leading to a ten (e.g., 13 - 4 = 13 - 3 - 1 = 10 - 1 = 9); using the relationship between addition and subtraction (e.g., knowing that 8 + 4 = 12, one knows 12 - 8 = 4); and creating equivalent but easier or known sums (e.g., adding 6 + 7 by creating the known equivalent 6 + 6 + 1 = 12 + 1 = 13).

Rachel Ellis 7/30/2018

Objective

Learning Target: We can solve add to with change unknown math stories with addition, and relate to subtraction. I can solve addition problems using the commutative property. I can look for and make use of repeated reasoning on the addition chart by solving and analyzing problems with common addends. Essential questions: How are different strategies helpful when solving a problem? In what ways can operations (subtraction and addition) affect numbers?

Vocabulary: number bond

groups put together unknown add to expressions--number sentences

Strategies/Activities: Fluency practice-sprints Application Problem Concept Development Student Debrief

Instructional Method: Whole Group Guided Discussion Audio/Visual/Technology Small Group Partners/Pairs Demo/Hands On Providing Descriptive Feedback

Homework

Providing Descriptive Feedback

Homework

Accommodations & Modifications Assessment: Flashback Exit Slip Oral Question

Conferring Self-Evaluation or Student Self-Assessment

Accommodations: extended time, small group, use of manipulatives, repeated directions

Wellness

Standards

■ PL-4-2.1.1 Students will apply fundamental motor skills: Locomotor: -Walking - Running -Skipping - Hopping -Galloping - Sliding -Leaping - Jumping Nonlocomotor: - Turning -Twisting - Bending -Stretching - Swinging -Swaying - Balancing Fundamental manipulative skills: -Hitting - Kicking -Throwing - Catching -Striking - Dribbling

Rachel Ellis 7/30/2018

Objective

Learning Target: Students will interact with peers through locomotor play Vocabulary: locomotor Strategies/Activities:

Instructional Method: groups

Homework

Accommodations & Modifications

Science/ Social

Studies

NGSS-1-LS1-1- Use materials to design a solution to a human problem by mimicking how plants and/or animals use their external parts to help them survive, grow, and meet their needs.

NGSS-1-LS1-2- Read texts and use media to determine patterns in behavior of parents and offspring that help offspring survive. NGSS-1-LS3-1- Make observations to construct an evidence-based account that young plants and animals are like, but not exactly like, their parents Rachel Ellis 7/30/2018

Objective

Learning Target:

I can understand how animals are grouped into categories. I can understand animal needs I can understand how animals adapt.

Vocabulary: groups, traits, adaptations, mimicry, organisms, breeds, survive, grow, behavior offspring and parents.

Strategies/Activities:

Chart characteristics of each animal group.

Homework

Accommodations & Modifications

Assessment: Teacher observation and student participation and work.

Accommodations: Preferenti al seating, extra time, repeated directions, buddy help and small group.

Schedule:

expressions--number sentences

Strategies/Activities: Fluenc y practice-sprints **Application Problem Concept Development** Student Debrief

Instructional Method: Whole **Group Guided Discussion** Audio/Visual/Technology Small Group Partners/Pairs Demo/Hands On **Providing Descriptive** Feedback

Homework

Accommodations & Modifications

Assessment: Flashback Exit Oral Question Conferring Self-Evaluation or Student Self-Assessment

Accommodations: extended time, small group, use of manipulatives, repeated directions

Wellness

Standards

● PL-4-2.1.1 Students will apply fundamental motor skills: Locomotor: -Walking - Running -Skipping - Hopping -Galloping - Sliding -Leaping - Jumping Nonlocomotor: - Turning -Twisting - Bending -Stretching - Swinging -Swaying - Balancing **Fundamental** manipulative skills: -Hitting - Kicking -Throwing - Catching -Striking - Dribbling

Rachel Ellis 7/30/2018

Objective

Learning Target: Students will interact with peers through locomotor play Vocabulary: locomotor Strategies/Activities:

Instructional Method: groups Concept Development Student Debrief

Instructional Method: Whole

Group Guided Discussion Audio/Visual/Technology Small Group Partners/Pairs Demo/Hands On **Providing Descriptive** Feedback

Homework

Accommodations & Modifications

Assessment: Flashback Exit Oral Question Conferring Self-Evaluation or Student Self-Assessment

Accommodations: extended time, small group, use of manipulatives, repeated directions

Wellness

Standards

● PL-4-2.1.1 Students will apply fundamental motor skills: Locomotor: -Walking - Running -Skipping - Hopping -Galloping - Sliding -Leaping - Jumping Nonlocomotor: - Turning -Twisting - Bending -Stretching - Swinging -Swaying - Balancing Fundamental manipulative skills: -Hitting - Kicking -Throwing - Catching -Striking - Dribbling

Rachel Ellis 7/30/2018

Objective

Learning Target: Students will interact with peers through locomotor play Vocabulary: locomotor Strategies/Activities:

Instructional Method: groups

Homework

Accommodations & Modifications

Accommodations & Modifications

Assessment: Flashback Exit Slip Oral Question Conferring Self-Evaluation or Student Self-

Accommodations: extended time, small group, use of manipulatives, repeated directions

Wellness

Assessment

Standards

● PL-4-2.1.1 Students will apply fundamental motor skills: Locomotor: - Walking -Running - Skipping -Hopping - Galloping - Sliding - Leaping - Jumping Nonlocomotor: - Turning -Twisting - Bending -Stretching - Swinging -Swaying - Balancing Fundamental manipulative skills: - Hitting - Kicking -Throwing - Catching -Striking - Dribbling

Rachel Ellis 7/30/2018

Objective

Learning Target: Students will interact with peers through locomotor play Vocabulary: locomotor Strategies/Activities: Instructional Method: groups

Homework

Accommodations & **Modifications**

Science/Social **Studies**

Standards

MGSS-1-LS1-1- Use materials to design a solution to a human problem by mimicking how plants and/or animals use their external parts to help them survive, grow, and meet their needs.

NGSS-1-LS1-2- Read texts and use media to determine patterns in behavior of parents and offspring that help offspring survive.

NGSS-1-LS3-1- Make observations to construct an evidence-based account that young plants and animals are like, but not exactly like, their parents Rachel Ellis 7/30/2018

Objective

Learning Target:

I can understand how animals are grouped into categories .

I can understand animal needs.

I can understand how animals adapt.

Vocabulary: groups, traits, adaptations, mimicry, organisms, breeds, survive, grow, behavior offspring and parents.

Strategies/Activities:

Watch a United Streaming video on animals.

Homework

Accommodations & Modifications

Assessment: Teacher observation and student participation and work.

Accommodations: Preferenti al seating, extra time, repeated directions, buddy help and small group.

Schedule: 8:30-9:00 Maker Space 9-9:10 Social Emotional Learning 9:10-10:20 Math 10:20-11:05 SS/Science/Steam 11:05-11:40 Lunch times

Homework

Accommodations & Modifications

Science/ Social Studies

Standards

NGSS-1-LS1-1- Use materials to design a solution to a human problem by mimicking how plants and/or animals use their external parts to help them survive, grow, and meet their needs.

NGSS-1-LS1-2- Read texts and use media to determine patterns in behavior of parents and offspring that help offspring survive.

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Vocabulary: groups, traits, adaptations, mimicry, organisms, breeds, survive, grow, behavior offspring and parents.

Strategies/Activities:

Read books about Animal groups.

Homework

Accommodations & Modifications

Science/ Social Studies

Standards

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Homework

Accommodations & Modifications

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Accommodations: Preferenti al seating, extra time, repeated directions, buddy help and small group.

Schedule:

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Objective

Learning Target:

Rachel Ellis 10/8/2018

I can understand how animals are grouped into categories. I can understand animal needs. I can understand how animals adapt.

Vocabulary: groups, traits, adaptations, mimicry, organisms, breeds, survive, grow, behavior offspring and parents.

Strategies/Activities:

Read and discuss about animals and animal groups.

Accommodations & Modifications

Assessment: Teacher observation and student participation and work.

Accommodations: Preferential seating, extra time, repeated directions, buddy help and small group.

Schedule:

observation and student participation and work.

Accommodations: Preferenti al seating, extra time, repeated directions, buddy help and small group.

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